

REVENTION CHECKLIST

	STEPS	FACTORS
	REDUCE THE RISK	Good nutrition, good physical condition and sufficient sleep are necessary to reduce the risk of heat illness.
	REDUCE EXPOSURE	Increase cool air velocity. Reduce humidity. If and when possible, rotate between hot and cool jobs.
	CLOTHING	Wear light, loose-fitting, light-colored cotton clothing.
	Acclimatize Yourself	If you are on a new job, or have been away for more than a week, work into the job. It may take a week or two.
	INCREASE WATER INTAKE	DO NOT depend on your thirst. Drink water frequently throughout the day - 1 cup every 15 to 20 minutes.
	Energy Drinks	Avoid energy drinks due to caffeine and high sugar content.
	SALT INTAKE	Salt intake IS NOT usually recommended. Check with your doctor BEFORE taking any salt.



- Overweight
- Heart trouble
- Kidney & liver disease
- Uncontrolled diabetes
- Skin rash-large area
- Prior heat stroke
- Convulsions, epilepsy, or seizures

Prescription & over-the-counter meds such as water pills (diuretics), anti-depressants and anxiety

• Alcohol or drug intake

Fever from any cause

Uncontrolled high blood pressure

medication, allergy medications (antihistamines), or any other

medications





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Energy Drinks	Avoid energy drinks due to caffeine and high sugar content.		
SALT INTAKE	Salt intake IS NOT usually recommended. Check with your doctor BEFORE taking any salt.		

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

- Overweight
- Heart trouble
- Kidney & liver disease
- Uncontrolled diabetes
- Skin rash-large area
- Prior heat stroke
- Convulsions, epilepsy, or seizures
- Fever from any cause Uncontrolled high blood pressure Prescription & over-the-counter

• Alcohol or drug intake

• meds such as water pills (diuretics), anti-depressants and anxiety medication, allergy medications (antihistamines), or any other medications





ECOGNITION AND FIRST AID

SIGNS	FIRST AID
HEAT SYNCOPE Dizziness Fainting 	Rest lying down, elevating legs. Move to cooler area. Have evaluation in Medical before returning to work.
 HEAT CRAMPS Painful muscle cramps occur during or after hard work. 	Rest in cooler area. Have evaluation in Medical before returning to work.
 HEAT EXHAUSTION Extreme weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, vomiting or cramps may occur. Skin feels wet and moist. May progress to heat stroke if not treated. 	REMOVE FROM HEAT. Transport to Medical.
HEAT STROKE • Skin is hot, dry, red, no sweating, confused. May have convulsions or be unconscious. High body temperature. Life-threatening MEDICAL EMERGENCY requiring immediate attention.	REMOVE FROM HEAT. Cool immediately by soaking clothing or immersing body in cold water and virgorously fan the victim. Immediately call a doctor and an ambulance. Start CPR if breathing stops.

UNDERSTANDING HEAT ILLNESS

Under conditions of high heat, a person's body may have trouble regulating its temperature. As a result, the body overheats and you suffer some form of heat illness. Heat illness can be moderate or severe and may come suddenly. Advanced stages of heat illness could be life-threatening.



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Rest in cooler area. Have HEAT CRAMPS evaluation in Medical before Painful muscle cramps occur returning to work. during or after hard work. HEAT EXHAUSTION **REMOVE FROM HEAT.** Extreme weakness, fatigue. Transport to Medical. nausea, headache, vomiting or cramps may occur. Skin feels wet and moist. May progress to heat stroke if not treated.

HEAT STROKE

Dizziness

Fainting

 Skin is hot, dry, red, no sweating, confused. May have convulsions or be unconscious. High body temperature. Life-threatening ambulance. Start CPR if breathing MEDICAL EMERGENCY requiring immediate attention. stops.

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FIRST AID SIGNS Rest lying down, elevating legs. HEAT SYNCOPE

RECOGNITION AND FIRST AID

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HEAT STRESS Don't Sweat It ... **bon**ft We Can Help revention...









HEAT EXHAUSTION







EVAPORATION

HIGH ENERGY WORK

HEAT STROKE

HEAT STRESS PREVENTION CHECKLIST



REDUCE YOUR RISK: Drink fluids regularly, eat healthy, get enough sleep and maintain good physical condition.



REDUCE EXPOSURE: Use fans, when appropriate, to increase cool air velocity. Take your breaks in a cool area when possible. If and when possible, rotate between cool and hot jobs.



WEAR APPROPRIATE CLOTHING: Light, comfortable, light-colored clothing helps keep you cooler and helps your body



perspire.



GET A MEDICAL EVALUATION: If you experience any signs of heat illness or have any medical condition that may increase your risk to heat illness.







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